Claims

5

WO 2004/102919

1. A method of controlling call admission within a system comprising a plurality of media gateways interconnected by a packet switched backbone, the method comprising the steps of:

at at least one media gateway, monitoring the level of congestion suffered by incoming packets to that gateway from other media gateways or groups of media gateways over said backbone; and

following receipt of a request for said at least one media gateway to terminate a

bearer extending over said backbone from a "peer" media gateway, making a decision
on the admissibility of that request based upon the previously monitored level of
congestion suffered by incoming packets from that peer media gateway or a group of
media gateways containing the peer gateway.

- 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the step of monitoring the level of congestion suffered by incoming packets to a gateway comprises examining packets received at that gateway to determine whether or not they contain a congestion notification flag.
- 20 3. A method according to claim 1 or 2, the step of monitoring the level of congestion suffered by incoming packets to a gateway comprising monitoring the rate at which packets are dropped.
- 4. A method according to claim 3 when appended to claim 2, the step of monitoring the level of congestion suffered by incoming packets to a gateway comprising monitoring the rate at which packets are dropped by the backbone and examining packets received at that gateway to determine whether or not they contain a congestion notification flag.
- 30 5. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the step of monitoring the level of congestion suffered by incoming packets to a gateway comprises associating incoming packets or packet sequences with an originating gateway based upon source addresses or parts of source addresses.

15

20

25

- 6. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said packet switched backbone is an Internet Protocol (IP) backbone.
- 5 7. A method according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein said step of making a decision on the admissibility of a request for a media gateway to terminate a bearer, comprises making that decision at the media gateway.
- 8. A method according to any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein the decision on the admissibility of a request for a media gateway to terminate a bearer is made at the media gateway controller controlling said at least one media gateway, and monitored congestion levels are signalled to the media gateway controller by the media gateway.
 - 9. A media gateway arranged to control call admission within a system comprising a plurality of media gateways interconnected by a packet switched backbone, the media gateway comprising:

means for monitoring the level of congestion suffered by incoming packets to that gateway from other media gateways or groups of media gateways over said backbone;

means for receiving a request for that media gateway to terminate a bearer extending over said backbone from a "peer" media gateway; and

means coupled to the monitoring means and the receiving means for making a decision on the admissibility of that request based upon the previously monitored level of congestion suffered by incoming packets from that peer media gateway or a group of media gateways containing the peer gateway.

- 10. A media gateway controller arranged to control call admission within a system comprising a plurality of media gateways interconnected by a packet switched backbone, the media gateway controller comprising:
- an interface towards at least one media gateway;

means for receiving monitored congestion levels from the or each media gateway to which it has an interface, the monitored congestion levels being indicative of

5

the congestion suffered by incoming packets to the or respective gateways from other media gateways or groups of media gateways over said backbone;

means for receiving a call request requiring that a media gateway terminate a bearer extending over said backbone from a "peer" media gateway; and

means coupled to both the receiving means for making a decision on the admissibility of that request based upon the congestion level suffered by incoming packets from that peer media gateway or a group of media gateways containing the peer gateway.

- 10 11. A computer program storage medium having stored thereon a computer program for causing a media gateway to operate in accordance with the method of any one of claims 1 to 8.
- 12. A computer program storage medium having stored thereon a computer program for causing a media gateway controller to operate in accordance with the method of any one of claims 1 to 8.